

# 35.000 tests and counting!

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# Who we are

- e-Travel is one of the top 10 European Online Travel Agencies
- IT crowd of around 20 developers
- 4 of which are working on site's UI / UX
- 2 years' old project

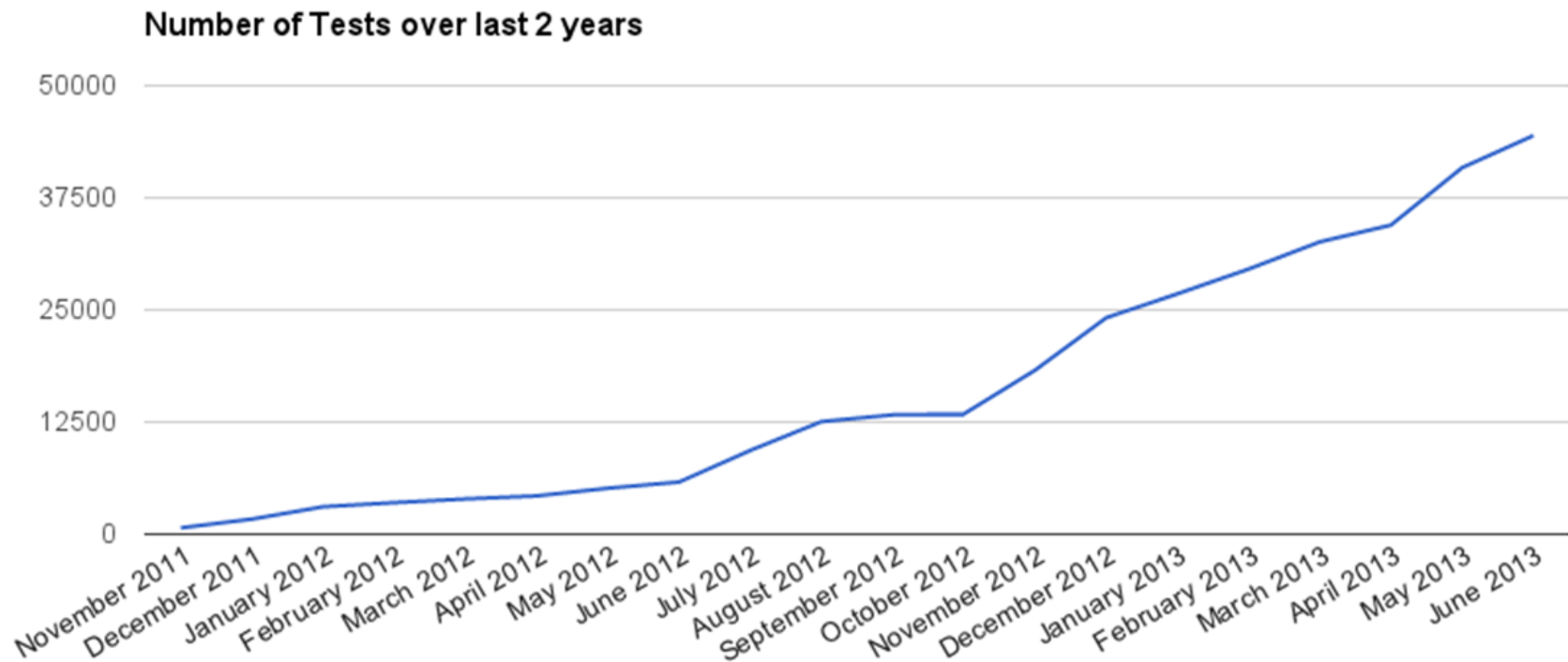


# Well... actually...

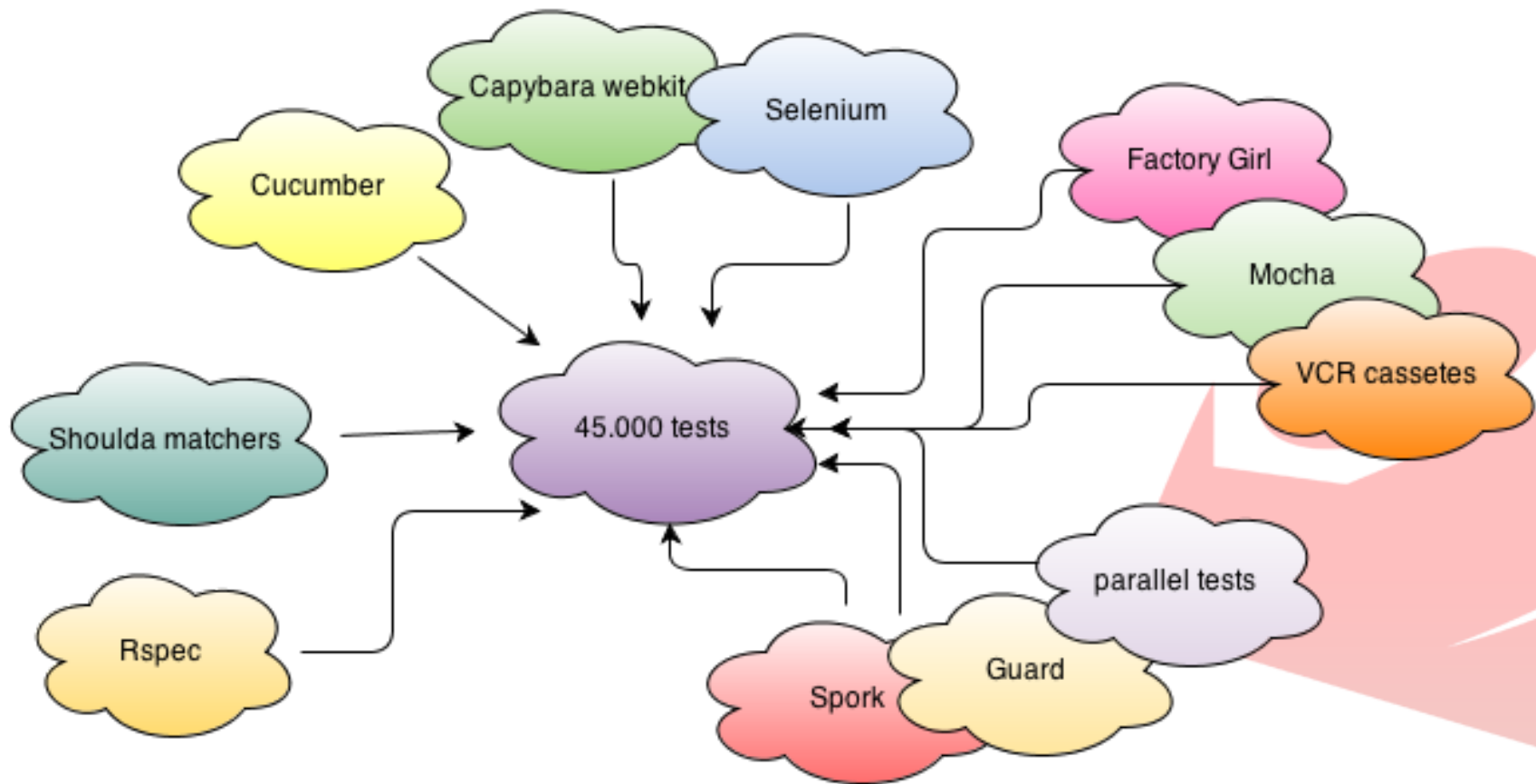
- 35.000 tests back in April
- Currently it's like 45.000 tests...



# To be more precise



# Technologies Used



# But... Why so many tests?

airtickets24.com

German Polish

trip.bg

flights

hotels

Italian  
Croatian

Bulgarian

mobile

French Spanish Portuguese

Ukrainian

Turkish Slovak cars Czech

Greek

trip.ua

Serbian  
Hungarian

pamediakopes.gr

Russian trip.ru

English

Romanian avion.ro

fantasticgreece.com insurance

# Still... Why so many??

- Many visitors and transactions
- Each line of code is considered an investment



# How to integrate testing

- No tests = no commits
- Add tests in parallel with development
- If the code is too complicated to test, rewrite it





# Development and maintenance

- D-I-S-C-I-P-L-I-N-E !!
- Generalized steps
- Constant clean up and refactorings



# Proper Naming

- Spec tests are named after the name of what they describe
  - Example: `searches_controller.rb`
    - `searches_controller_spec.rb`
- Feature tests are named after the user story they describe
  - Example: Search form
    - `autocomplete.feature`
    - `validations.feature`



# Proper Division

- Spec tests are under the same namespace of what they describe
  - Example: `searches /new.html.erb`
    - `searches / new.html.erb_spec.rb`
- Feature tests are divided in conceptual groups that cover all the stories of an action
  - Example: Search form
    - `search / autocomplete.feature`
    - `search / validations.feature`



# Advantages

- Leads to self-explanatory code
- Ease of blending in for new members
- Ease of refactoring
- Safer releases



# What's the catch??

- Run time needed
- Maintenance is really tedious and time consuming
- 1 hour of coding = at least 2 hours of testing



# Having tests means 100% bug free?

- NO !!
- Why ???
  - Unknown external factors
  - Development != Production
  - Different caching
  - Load balancer, etc
- Holes in initial specs
- Tests can't check what they don't know



# Making the procedure faster

- Continuous Integration (CI) server
- Run only the tests you need
- Locally run tests in parallel
- Use of guard and spork



# When not to write a test

- For code you don't have
- For tests you already have





# Mistakes we learnt from

- Wrote too many feature tests
- Tested the same thing over and over
- Used solely selenium-webdriver
- VCR recordings



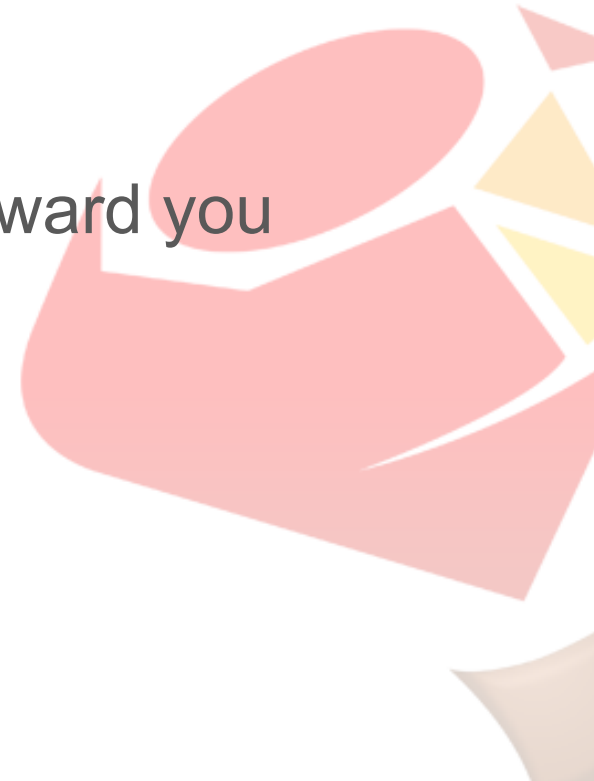
# Future todo's

- Run tests in parallel on the CI server
- Add more agents to be able to run more configurations in parallel
- Finish clean ups
- More coverage



# Conclusion

- Test, test, test and test some more
- Tests are not a panacea
- Write specs for non functional tests
- Set a structure and follow it. It will reward you



# Questions ??

